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### Please read the Installation and Operational Instructions carefully and follow them accordingly.

Ignoring these Instructions may lead to malfunctions or to coupling failure, resulting in damage to other parts.

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#### Please Observe!

According to German notation, decimal points in this document are represented with a comma (e.g. 0,5 instead of 0.5).

#### **Declaration of Conformity**

A conformity evaluation for the applicable EU directives has been carried out for this product.

The conformity evaluation is set out in writing in a separate document and can be requested if required.

It is forbidden to start use of the product until the machine or system into which it should be built is operating in accordance with all applicable EU directives.

Without a conformity evaluation, this product is not suitable for use in areas where there is a high danger of explosion.

This statement is based on the ATEX directive.

#### Safety Regulations

These Installation and Operational Instructions (I+O) are part of the coupling delivery.

Please keep them handy and near to the coupling at all times.



#### Danger!

#### This warning applies if:

the shaft couplings are modified.

□ the relevant standards for safety and / or installation conditions are ignored.

#### **User-implemented Protective Measures**

Cover moving parts to protect against seizure, dust or foreign body impact.

To prevent injury or damage, only professionals and suitably qualified personnel should work on the devices, following the relevant standards and directives. Please read the Installation and Operational Instructions carefully before installing and operating the device.

These Safety Regulations are user hints only and may not be complete!

#### Safety and Guideline Signs



#### Danger!

Danger of injury to personnel and damage to machines.



Please Observe!

Guidelines on important points.

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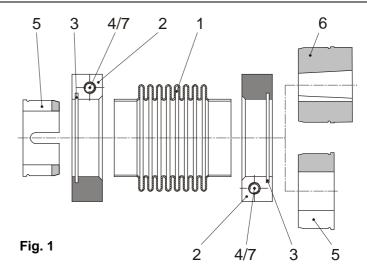


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#### **Parts List**

Only use mayr® original parts

- 1 Steel bellows
- 2 Clamping ring
- 3 Holding spring
- 4 Cap screw
- 5 Reducing bushing
- 6 Reducing bushing with tapered bore
- 7 Washer



**Table 1: Technical Data** 

	smartflex <sup>®</sup> Size	0	1	2	3	4	5
Bore reducing bushing (Item 5) from - to	[mm]	8 – 19	11 – 25	16 – 36	18 – 50	30 – 62	40 – 85
Tapered bore (Item 6)	[mm]		16	16			
Coupling nominal torque T <sub>KN</sub>	[Nm]	16	40	100	200	400	700
Max. speed n <sub>max.</sub>	[rpm]	10000	8000	6000	4000	3000	2500
Tightening torque clamping screw (Item 4)	[Nm]	10 <sup>±5%</sup>	14 <sup>±5%</sup>	17 <sup>±5%</sup>	41 <sup>±5%</sup>	77 <sup>±5%</sup>	133 <sup>±5%</sup>
Axial displacement ΔK <sub>a</sub> on Type 932.3_3	[mm]	±0,4	±0,6	±0,8	±0,8	±0,8	±0,6
Axial displacement ΔK <sub>a</sub> on Type 932.433	[mm]		±0,3	±0,4	±0,4	±0,6	±0,6
Radial misalignment ΔK <sub>r</sub> on Type 932.3_3	[mm]	0,3	0,4	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,5
Radial misalignment ΔK <sub>r</sub> on Type 932.433	[mm]		0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1
Angular misalignment ΔK <sub>w</sub> on Type 932.3_3	[9	3	3	3	3	1,5	1,0
Angular misalignment ΔK <sub>w</sub> on Type 932.433	[9		1,5	1,5	1,5	1,2	1,0

#### Table 2: Clamping Connection Bores and Corresponding Transmittable Torques TR [Nm]

Size	Ø 8	Ø 9	Ø 11	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 18		Ø 20	Ø 22	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 30			Ø 36	Ø 38	Ø 40	Ø 42	Ø 45		Ø 50	Ø 55	Ø 60	Ø 62	Ø 65	Ø 70	Ø 75	Ø 80	Ø 85
0	9,6	11	14	16	16	16	16	16																						
1			24	26	31	35	39	40	40	40	40																			
2						60	68	72	75	84	100	100	100	100	100	100														
3							120	127	133	147	167	187	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200								
4													240	256	280	290	305	320	340	360	390	400	400	400	400					
5																		420	440	475	510	530	580	640	660	690	700	700	700	700

#### **Table 3: Preferred Bores**

Size	Preferred bores Ø d <sup>H7</sup>
0	8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, 18, 19
1	11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 18, 19, 20, 22, 24, 25
2	16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 22, 24, 25, 26, 28, 30, 32, 35, 36
3	19, 20, 22, 24, 25, 28, 30, 32, 35, 36, 38, 40, 42, 45, 48, 50
4	30, 32, 35, 36, 38, 40, 42, 45, 48, 50, 55, 60, 62
5	40, 42, 45, 48, 50, 55, 60, 62, 65, 70, 75, 80, 85

Chr. Mayr GmbH + Co. KG Eichenstraße 1

Eichenstraße 1 87665 Mauerstetten Germany Tel.: 08341 / 804-241 Fax: 08341 / 804-422 http://www.mayr.de eMail: info@mayr.de



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#### Design

smartflex®-couplings are designed as insertable steel bellows couplings for the connection of two shafts.

#### **Function**

smartflex®-couplings transmit the torque backlash-free and compensate for radial, axial and angular shaft misalignments.

#### State of Delivery

- Packed individually in folding boxes or
- ☐ Plugged together and secured with cable ties.
- Bores in the reducing bushings (5 and 6) have H7 tolerances.

#### **Installation Guidelines for Shaft Ends**

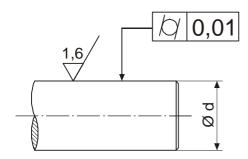


Fig. 2
Surface quality and run-out accuracy are valid for conical shafts.

#### Adapting to the Shaft Diameter

The reducing bushing (5) can be pressed out of the clamping ring (2) and replaced using axial pressure (manually or on a small hand press).



#### Please Observe!

Due to the offset (see Fig. 4), the reducing bushing (5) can be pressed out of the clamping ring only in one direction.

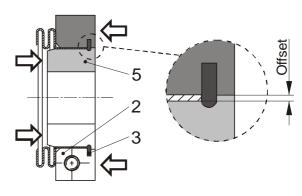


Fig. 4

#### **Shaft Requirements**

- Surface quality: R<sub>a</sub> = 1,6 μm
- Run-out accuracy: 0,01 mm
- ☐ Minimum tensile strength: 500 N/mm²
- ☐ Tolerance: h6

For other tolerances, please contact the manufacturer.

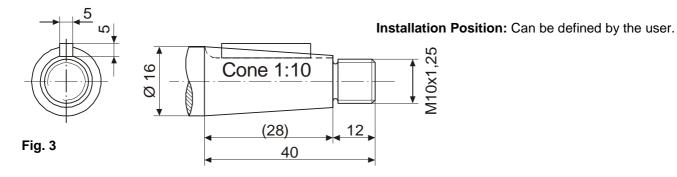
#### **Temperature Resistance:**

Permanent temperature up to +120  $^{\circ}$ C (For higher operating temperatures, please contact the manufacturer. )

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### **Coupling Installation**

#### Important Installation Guidelines

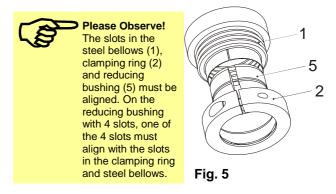
- ☐ Wash off the conserving layer in the bores with paraffin, white spirit, cleaner solvent or similar.
- The bores and shafts must be grease and oil-free.
- The permitted shaft misalignments (see Table 1) must not be exceeded.
- Avoid damage to the steel bellows (1) before and during installation.
- ☐ The clamping ring (2) with the holding spring (3) must be engaged in the reducing bushing (5) or the reducing bushing with tapered bore (6).
- ☐ If a reducing bushing is dismantled or re-installed more than 5 times, the snap ring groove may deform, meaning that its use is no longer permitted.
- ☐ In order to transfer the defined torques in Table 2 on page 2 correctly, the slots in the steel bellows (1), clamping ring (2) and reducing bushing (5) must be aligned (see Fig. 5).

#### Coupling Installation Types 932.333 and 932.433 (Fig. 5)

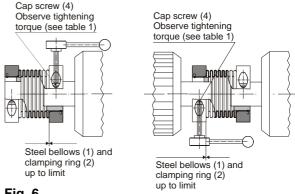
- 1. Please ensure that the coupling can be easily pushed onto both shafts
- 2. Push the entire coupling over the whole length of the reducing bushing (5) onto a shaft.
- 3. Make sure that the steel bellows (1) is pushed between the clamping ring (2) and the reducing bushing (5) up to its limit, and that the slots in the steel bellows (1), clamping ring (2) and reducing bushing (5) are aligned (see Fig. 5).
- 4. Tighten the cap screw (4). The screw tightening torques (see Table 1) must be observed.
- 5. Push the second shaft over the entire length of the reducing bushing (5) into the coupling.
- 6. Make sure that the steel bellows (1) is pushed between the clamping ring (2) and the reducing bushing (5) up to its limit, and that the slots in the steel bellows (1), clamping ring (2) and reducing bushing (5) are aligned (see Fig. 5).
- 7. Tighten the cap screw (4). The screw tightening torque (see Table 1) must be observed.

#### Coupling Installation Type 932.343 (Fig. 7)

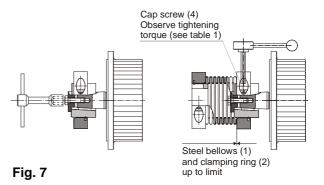
- 1. Remove the clamping ring (2) with the protruding reducing bushing with tapered bore (6) from the coupling.
- 2. If necessary, insert the key into the conical shaft.
- 3. Push the reducing bushing with tapered bore (6) onto the conical shaft.
- 4. Secure the hub using a nut or a screw with press cover.
- 5. Push the rest of the coupling with the open steel bellows side up to its limit between the clamping ring (2) and the reducing bushing with tapered bore (6).
- 6. Tighten the cap screw (4). The screw tightening torque (see Table 1) must be observed.
- 7. Push the second shaft over the entire length of the reducing bushing (5) in the coupling.
- 8. Make sure that the steel bellows (1) is pushed between the clamping ring (2) and the reducing bushing (5) up to its limit, and that the slots in the steel bellows (1), clamping ring (2) and reducing bushing (5) are aligned (see Fig. 5).
- 9. Tighten the cap screws (4). The screw tightening torques (see Table 1) must be observed.



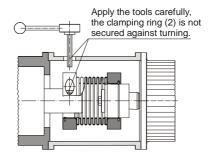
#### Coupling Installation Types 932.333 / 932.433 onto Cylindrical Shaft



#### Coupling Installation Type 932.343 onto Conical Shaft



#### Coupling Installation into a Bell-Type Housing



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Fig. 8

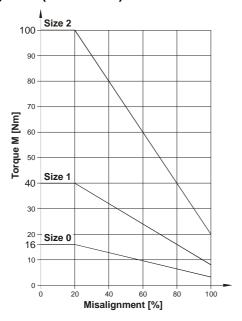
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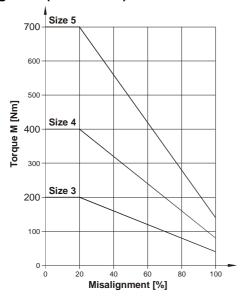
#### **Coupling Dimensioning**

Please carry out dimensioning using Diagram 1 (Sizes 0-2) or Diagram 2 (Sizes 3 - 5) with "torque M [Nm]" and "misalignment (%)":

#### Diagram 1 (Sizes 0 to 2)



#### Diagram 2 (Sizes 3 to 5)



#### Determining the coordinates "torque M":

- Determine the maximum operating torque.
- Multiply the operating torque with the values from Table 4 (temperature factor) and the service factor applicable for you, see below (interpolate the interim values).

#### Service factor fB:

fB = 1,5with even load.

fB = 2with uneven load.

fB = 2.5 - 4 with impact load.

For drives in machine tools (servo motors), we recommend the fB values of 1.5.

#### Determining the coordinate "misalignment":

- Determine the individual shaft misalignments in percent, measured using the permitted shaft misalignments for the intended coupling size (see Technical Data). Example for size 2: 0,2 mm axial displacement is 25 % of the permitted value 0,8 mm.
- Add up the individual percent values. The sum total must be smaller than 100 percent (see also section "Permitted Shaft Misalignments").

Enter both defined coordinate values into the respective diagram.

The point of intersection must lie below the characteristic curve of the intended coupling size.

If the point of intersection lies above the characteristic curve.

- choose a larger coupling,
- reduce the shaft misalignments or
- contact the manufacturer.

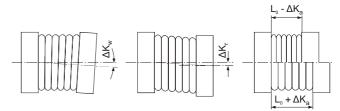
**Table 4: Temperature Factors** 

Temperature [℃]	50	80	100	120
Temperature factor [-]	1	1,1	1,2	1,3

#### **Permitted Shaft Misalignments**

The smartflex®-couplings compensate for radial, axial and angular shaft misalignments (Fig. 9), without losing their resistance to backlash.

However, the permitted shaft misalignments shown in Table 1 may not simultaneously reach their maximum value. If more than one kind of misalignment takes place simultaneously, they influence each other. Therefore, each permitted alignment value is dependent on another (Fig. 10). The sum total of the actual misalignments in percent of the maximum value must not exceed



Angular misalignment Radial misalignment Axial displacement

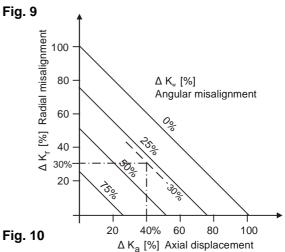


Fig. 10

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#### **Maintenance**

smartflex®-couplings are maintenance-free. Special maintenance work may only be necessary in extreme ambient or operational

(In this case, please contact the manufacturer.)

#### **Disposal**

All steel components:

Steel scrap (Code No. 160117)

All aluminium components:

Non-ferrous metals (Code No. 160118)

#### **Malfunctions / Breakdowns**

Malfunction	Possible Causes	Solution
	Incorrect alignment	<ol> <li>Set system out of operation</li> <li>Replace the entire coupling</li> <li>Check the alignment</li> </ol>
	Premature damage on the bellows due to transportation or installation	Set system out of operation     Replace the entire coupling     Check the alignment
Bellows breakage	Operating parameters do not match the coupling performance	Set system out of operation     Check the operating parameters and select a suitable coupling (please observe the installation space)     Install a new coupling     Check the alignment
	Bellows is energised in natural frequency, resonance	Set system out of operation     Re-design the line characteristics     Replace the entire coupling     Check the alignment
Changes in running noises and vibration occurrence	Loosened screws, resonances, coupling securement is insufficient	Set system out of operation     Check the screw tightening torques     Check the line characteristics     Check the coupling parts and replace damaged coupling parts



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